

Moisture control as a policy aim to improve IAQ

Aino Nevalainen, PhD

Research Professor

National Public Health Institute, Finland

Moisture - mould - health

Dampness/moisture



Microbial growth



Health effects

Health effects...

- Respiratory symptoms; wheezing, cough
- Asthma
- Allergy
- Other: inflammatory, neurological, immunotoxic
(less thoroughly documented)

Why is building moisture/mould harmful to health?

- Mould/microbial growth needs water
 - dampness, moisture
- Microbes produce toxic substances while growing on building materials
- Not all mould equally toxic, but the simplest policy is to treat all mould as potentially toxic
- Dampness and moisture cause also chemical emissions

Exposure assessment?

- No simple way to quantify the exposure
- Concentrations of microbes in indoor air...
 - no extensive databases available
 - methodological limitations
 - critical exposures may include microbial metabolites
- So far, "presence of dampness/moisture" most feasible

Prevention of exposure and health effects I

- Prevention of mould = control of moisture
 - prevent condensation, capillary rise^{*}
 - adequate ventilation^{*}
 - robust structures^{*, **}
 - good maintenance^{**}
 - moisture-resistant materials^{***}

* *Building codes*

** *Directive on IAQ*

*** *Voluntary labelling*

Prevention of exposure and health effects II

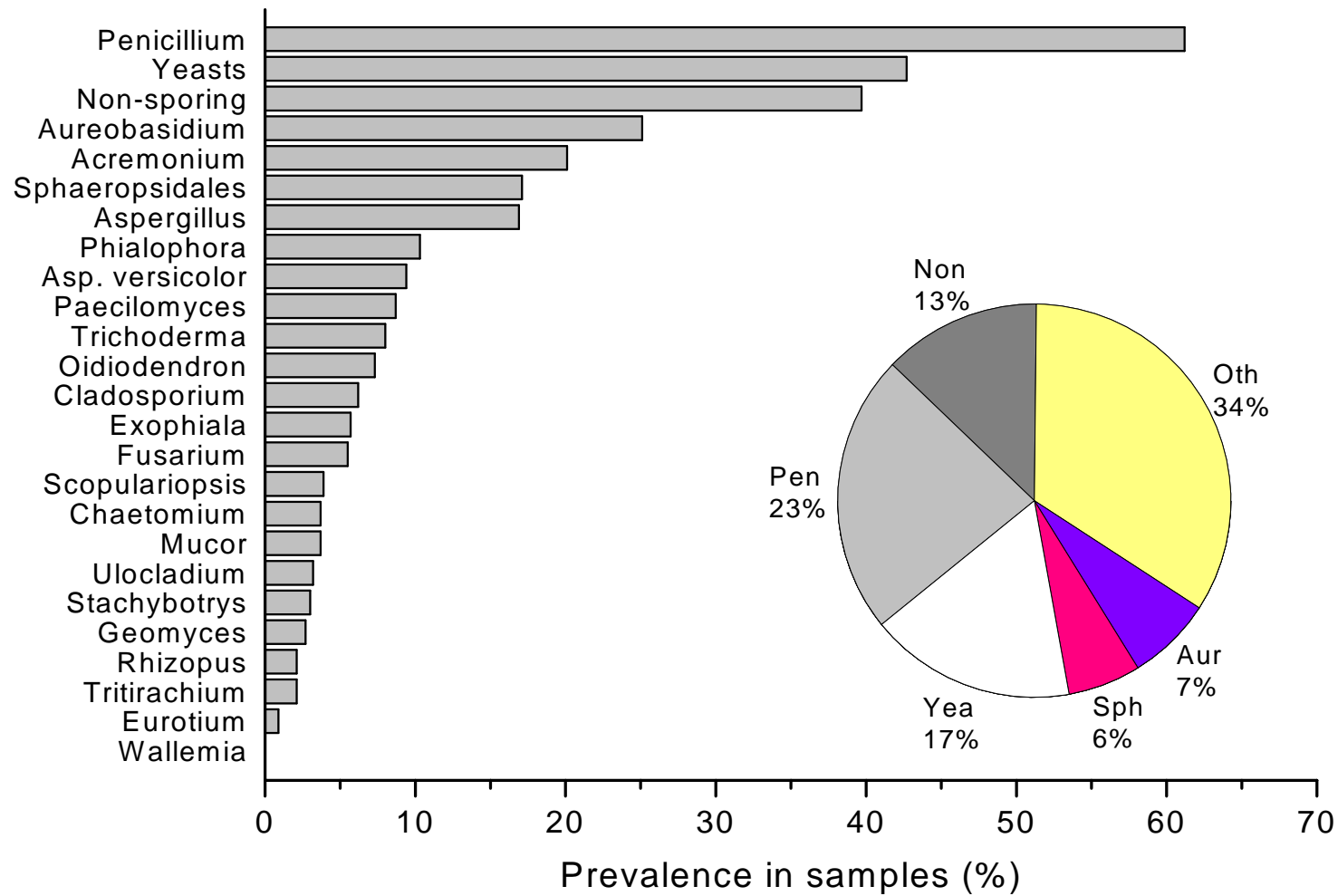
- Remediate mould damage when needed
 - remove any existing mould
 - mould may be harmful even if dry/dead

Where comes the development of good practices?

Not all mould is the same

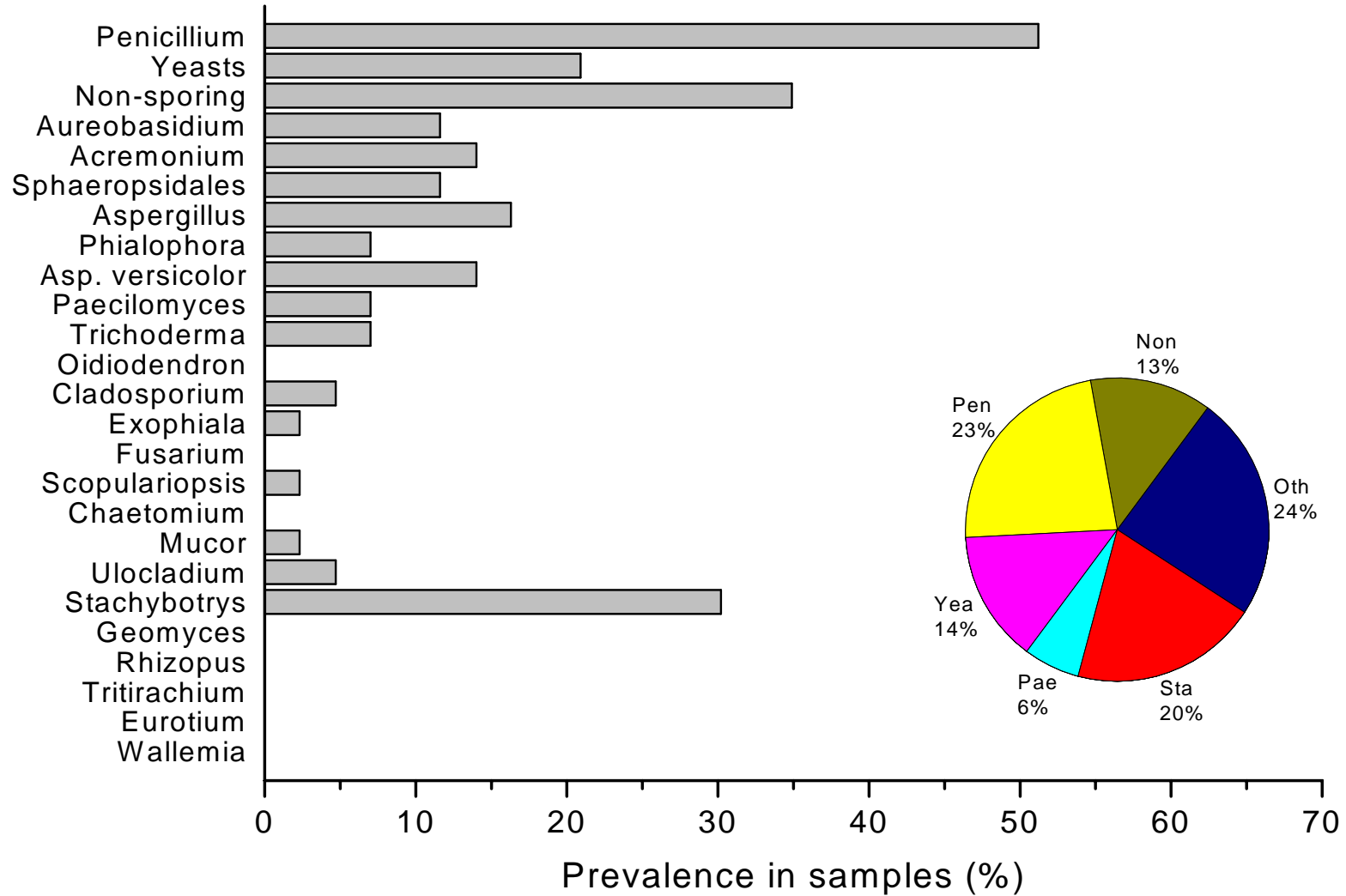
- Some mould species more harmful than others
- Building material has a role in toxin production
- Know the microbiological behavior of your materials!
- Develop mould-resistant, "microbial-friendly" materials

Wood, MEA (n=438)



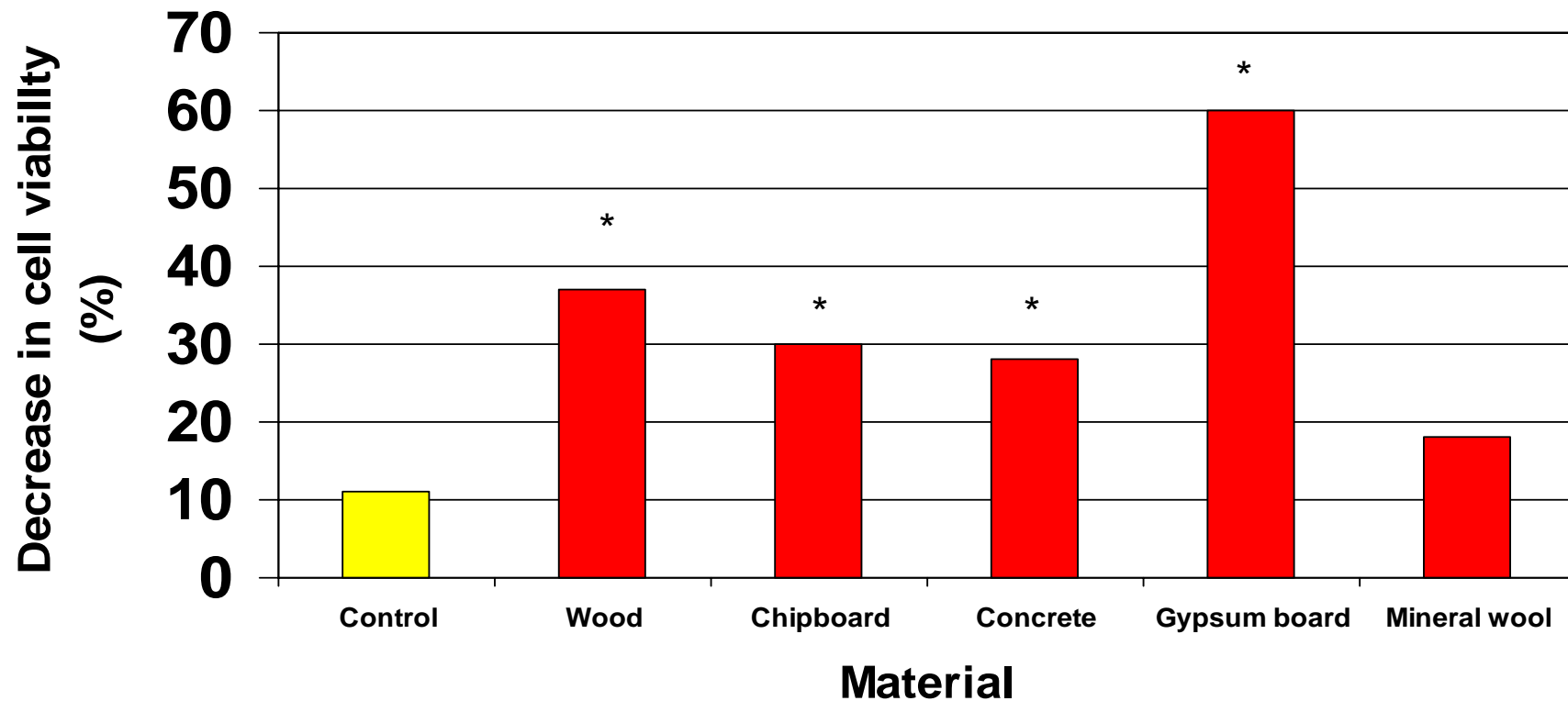
Hyvärinen 2002

Gypsum boards, MEA (n=43)



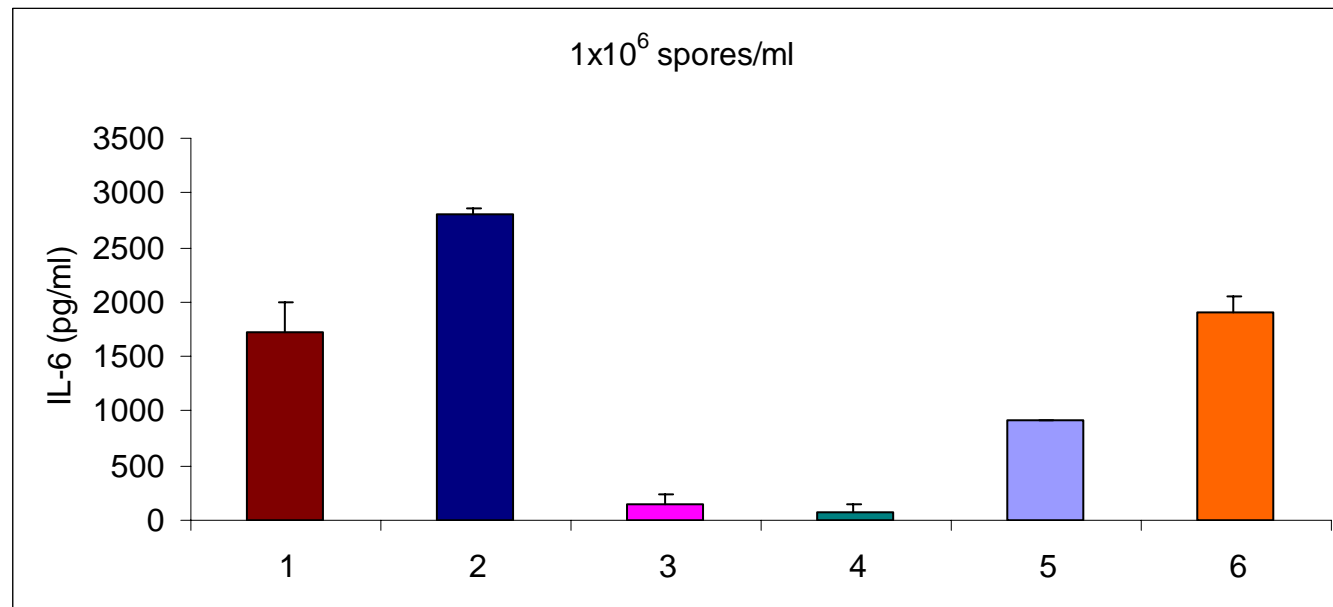
Hyvärinen 2002

Importance of material to microbe's toxicity



Cytotoxicity induced by *Streptomyces anulatus* grown on different building materials. Roponen *et al.* Indoor Air 2001;11:179-184

Inflammation potential (IL-6 production) of *Aspergillus versicolor* spores grown on six different plasterboards



Murtoniemi et al. *Inhalation Toxicol.* 2001; 13(3):233-247

Future vision

- Prevention of dampness and moisture a generally good practice in construction and maintenance
- Prevention of mould everybody's interest
- Remediation of mould damage is routine
- Microbiological behavior of materials an important characteristics in product development